

SA-19 Primer

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : SA-19 Primer
 Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)
 Product type REACH : Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Adhesive
 Professional use
 Construction

1.2.2 Uses advised against

General population
 Other non-specified uses are excluded

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

Holcim Solutions and Products EMEA
 Ikaroslaan 75
 B-1930 Zaventem
 ☎ +32 2 711 44 50
 compliance-emea-hbe@holcim.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h :
 +32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)
 24h/24h
 Ireland - Beaumont Hospital, Dublin (NPIC): +353 1 809 2166 (Public 8 am- 10 pm)
 Ireland - Beaumont Hospital, Dublin (NPIC): +353 1 809 2566 (Professionals)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Flam. Liq.	category 2	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Acute	category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic	category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements



Contains: cyclohexane; naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light; propyl acetate.

Signal word Danger

H-statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P-statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
 P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

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P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Supplemental information
EUH208 Contains: zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark	M-factors and ATE
cyclohexane 01-2119463273-41	110-82-7 203-806-2	25% ≤C≤50%	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent	M: 1 (Acute, ECHA (registration dossier)) M: 1 (Chronic, ECHA (registration dossier))
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0 265-151-9	25% ≤C≤50%	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	(1)(2)(10)(6)	Constituent	
propyl acetate 01-2119484620-39	109-60-4 203-686-1	10% ≤C≤25%	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336 EUH066	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent	
zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate) 01-2119535161-51	136-23-2 205-232-8	C<1%	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	(1)(10)	Constituent	M: 1 (Acute, ECHA) M: 10 (Chronic, ECHA)

(1) For H- and EUH-statements in full: see section 16

(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

(6) Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data

(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Observe (own) safety. If possible, approach victim and check vital functions. In case of injury and/or intoxication, call the European emergency number 112. Treat symptoms starting with most life-threatening injuries and disorders. Keep victim under observation, possibility of delayed symptoms.

After inhalation:

Remove victim into fresh air. In case of respiratory problems, consult a doctor/medical service.

After skin contact:

If possible, wipe up/dry remove chemical. Then rinse/shower immediately with (lukewarm) water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If you feel unwell, consult a doctor/medical service. Do not wait for symptoms to occur to consult Poison Center.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

Headache. Drowsiness. Dizziness. Ringing in the ears. Feeling of weakness. Impaired concentration.

After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

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After eye contact:
Irritation of the eye tissue.

After ingestion:
No effects known.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms
No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher, Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher.

Major fire: Class B foam (not alcohol-resistant).

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion.

Major fire: Water; risk of puddle expansion.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Upon combustion: formation of CO, CO2 and small quantities of nitrous vapours, sulphur oxides, zinc oxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Large spills/in enclosed spaces: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137). Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit (EN 943). Heat/fire exposure: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep upwind. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Keep containers closed.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See section 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Large spills/in enclosed spaces: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137). Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit (EN 943).

Suitable protective clothing

See section 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product, collect/pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand, saw dust, kieselguhr. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Observe strict hygiene. Keep container tightly closed. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Meet the legal requirements. Store in a cool area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing.

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, (strong) acids, (strong) bases, oxidizing agents, reducing agents.

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7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

EU

Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	700 mg/m ³

Belgium

Acétate de n-propyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	847 mg/m ³
	Short time value	250 ppm
	Short time value	1055 mg/m ³
Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	100 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	350 mg/m ³
Huiles minérales (brouillards)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	5 mg/m ³
	Short time value	10 mg/m ³

The Netherlands

Cyclohexaan	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	700 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	400 ppm
	Short time value (Public occupational exposure limit value)	1400 mg/m ³
Olienevel (minerale olie)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	5 mg/m ³

France

Acétate de n-propyle	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	840 mg/m ³
Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	700 mg/m ³
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	375 ppm
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	1300 mg/m ³

Germany

Cyclohexan	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	700 mg/m ³

Austria

Cyclohexan	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	200 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	700 mg/m ³
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	800 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	2800 mg/m ³
Propylacetat und Isopropylacetat	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	100 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	420 mg/m ³
	Kurzzeitwert Mow (MAK)	100 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert Mow (MAK)	420 mg/m ³

UK

Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	100 ppm
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Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	350 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	300 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1050 mg/m ³
n-Propyl acetate	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	849 mg/m ³
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	250 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1060 mg/m ³

USA (TLV-ACGIH)

Cyclohexane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	100 ppm
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids: Pure, highly and severely refined	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	5 mg/m ³ (I)
Propyl acetate isomers	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	100 ppm
	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	150 ppm

(I): Inhalable fraction

b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Germany

Cyclohexan (1,2-Cyclohexandiol (nach Hydrolyse))	Urin: bei langzeitexposition: am schichtende nach mehreren vorangegangenen schichten expositionsende, bzw. schichtende	150 mg/g Kreatinin	
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USA (BEI-ACGIH)

Cyclohexane (1,2-Cyclohexanediol)	: end of shift at end of workweek	50 mg/g creatinine	Nonspecific
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8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Cyclohexane (Hydrocarbons, BP36 to 126C)	NIOSH	1500
Cyclohexane	OSHA	1022
n-Propyl Acetate (Esters I)	NIOSH	1450
Oil Mist (Mineral)	NIOSH	5026

8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

8.1.4 Threshold values

DNEL/DMEL - Workers

cyclohexane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	700 mg/m ³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	1400 mg/m ³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	700 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	1400 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	2016 mg/kg bw/day	

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Acute systemic effects inhalation	1286.4 mg/m ³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	837.5 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	1066.67 mg/m ³	

propyl acetate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	420 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	840 mg/m ³	

zinc bis(dibutyl)dithiocarbamate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	6 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	800 mg/kg bw/day	

DNEL/DMEL - General population

cyclohexane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	206 mg/m ³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	412 mg/m ³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	206 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	412 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	1186 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	59.4 mg/kg bw/day	

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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Acute systemic effects inhalation	1152 mg/m ³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	178.57 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	640 mg/m ³	

propyl acetate

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	149 mg/m ³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	298 mg/m ³	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	210 mg/m ³	
	Acute local effects inhalation	420 mg/m ³	

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2 mg/m ³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	480 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	1 mg/kg bw/day	

PNEC

cyclohexane

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	44.7 µg/l	
Fresh water (intermittent releases)	9 µg/l	
Marine water	4.47 µg/l	
Marine water (intermittent releases)	0.9 µg/l	
STP	3.24 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	3.6 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.36 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.694 mg/kg soil dw	

propyl acetate

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.06 mg/l	
Marine water	0.006 mg/l	
Fresh water (intermittent releases)	0.6 mg/l	
STP	1 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	0.16 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.016 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.021 mg/kg soil dw	

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.064 µg/l	
Marine water	6.4 ng/l	
Fresh water (intermittent releases)	7.4 µg/l	
STP	16.6 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	6.4 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.64 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	1.28 mg/kg soil dw	

8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe strict hygiene. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type AX at conc. in air > exposure limit.

b) Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN 374).

Materials	Measured breakthrough time	Thickness	Protection index	Remark
nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes		Class 6	

c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles (EN 166).

d) Skin protection:

Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Head/neck protection.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See sections 6.2, 6.3 and 13

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Liquid
Odour	Characteristic odour
Odour threshold	No data available in the literature
Colour	Black
Particle size	Not applicable (liquid)
Explosion limits	1.3 - 8.3 vol %
Flammability	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)
Dynamic viscosity	750 mPa.s ; 20 °C
Kinematic viscosity	904 mm ² /s ; 20 °C ; Estimated value
Melting point	No data available in the literature
Boiling point	60 °C
Relative vapour density	No data available in the literature
Vapour pressure	175 hPa ; 20 °C
Solubility	Water ; insoluble
Relative density	0.83 ; 20 °C
Absolute density	830 kg/m ³
Decomposition temperature	No data available in the literature
Auto-ignition temperature	260 °C
Flash point	< -18 °C
pH	No data available in the literature

9.2. Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Precautionary measures

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

(strong) acids, (strong) bases, oxidizing agents, reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Upon combustion: formation of CO, CO₂ and small quantities of nitrous vapours, sulphur oxides, zinc oxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients
cyclohexane

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit (male / female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 32.88 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male / female)	Read-across	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit (male / female)	Read-across	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.61 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male / female)	Read-across	

propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50		8700 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50		> 17800 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit (male)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50		32 mg/l air	4 h	Rat	Experimental value	

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw		Rabbit (male / female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation						Data waiving	

Conclusion

Not classified for acute toxicity

Corrosion/irritation

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No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

cyclohexane

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Slightly irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405		1 hour	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Not irritating	Equivalent to EU Method B.4	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Irritating; category 2					Annex VI	

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405		24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment
Skin	Irritating	OECD 404	4 h	1; 24; 48; 72; 168 hours	Rabbit	Read-across	
Inhalation (vapours)	Not irritating		1 h		Human	Experimental value	

propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating		24 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment without rinsing
Skin	Not irritating			24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	Draize Test		24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment
Eye	Irritating; category 2					Annex VI	
Skin	Not irritating	Draize Test	24 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Skin	Irritating; category 2					Annex VI	
Inhalation	Irritating; STOT SE cat.3					Annex VI	

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Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Not classified as irritating to the respiratory system

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

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No (test)data on the mixture available
Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients
cyclohexane

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	EU Method B.6			Guinea pig (male / female)	Experimental value	

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD 406	6 h	24; 48 hours	Guinea pig (male)	Read-across	

propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD 406		24 hours	Guinea pig	Read-across	

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin						Data waiving	
Skin	Sensitizing; category 1					Annex VI	

Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for inhalation
Not classified as sensitizing for skin

Specific target organ toxicity

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No (test)data on the mixture available
Classification is based on the relevant ingredients
cyclohexane

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral								Data waiving
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	EPA OPPTS 870.3465	7000 ppm		No adverse systemic effects	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	EPA OPPTS 870.3465	500 ppm	Central nervous system	No effect	6 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Oral (stomach tube)	NOEL	Subacute toxicity test	< 500 mg/kg bw/day	Kidney	No effect	4 weeks (5 days / week)	Rat (male)	Read-across
Dermal	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 453	0.5 ml		No effect		Mouse (male / female)	Read-across
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 453	1402 mg/m ³ air	General	No effect	107 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week) - 109 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Read-across

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propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC local effects	OECD 413	150 ppm	Nose	No effect	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC systemic effects	OECD 413	1500 ppm		No effect	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value
Inhalation			STOT SE cat.3		Drowsiness, dizziness			Annex VI

Conclusion

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Not classified for subchronic toxicity

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

SA-19 Primer

No (test)data on the mixture available
Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

cyclohexane

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value	

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Experimental value	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value	

propyl acetate

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 487	Human lymphocytes		Experimental value	

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

SA-19 Primer

No (test)data on the mixture available
Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

cyclohexane

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative (Inhalation (vapours))	Equivalent to OECD 475	5 days (6h / day)	Rat (male / female)	Bone marrow	Experimental value

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative (Inhalation)	EPA OPPTS 870.5395	4 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)		Read-across

Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

Carcinogenicity

SA-19 Primer

No (test)data on the mixture available
Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Publication date: 2023-06-29

SA-19 Primer

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Inhalation (vapours)	Dose level	Equivalent to OECD 451	9869 mg/m ³	113 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	No carcinogenic effect		Read-across
Dermal	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 451	0.05 ml	102 weeks (3 times / week)	Mouse (male)	No carcinogenic effect		Experimental value

propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Unknown						No carcinogenic effect		Expert judgement

Conclusion

Not classified for carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

SA-19 Primer

No (test) data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

cyclohexane

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation (vapours))	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	7000 ppm	10 days (6h / day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Inhalation (vapours))	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	500 ppm - 2000 ppm	10 days (6h / day)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Inhalation (vapours))	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 416	500 ppm - 2000 ppm	> 11 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	No effect		Experimental value

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Inhalation (vapours))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	23900 mg/m ³ air	14 days (6h / day)	Rat	No effect	Foetus	Read-across
Maternal toxicity (Dermal)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	23900 mg/m ³ air	14 day(s)	Rat	No effect		Read-across
Effects on fertility (Inhalation (vapours))	NOAEC (P/F1)	Equivalent to OECD 416	≥ 20000 mg/m ³ air	10 weeks (6h / day, 7 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	No effect		Experimental value

propyl acetate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	14 day(s)	Rat	No effect	Foetus	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	14 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 443	1000 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male / female)	No effect		Experimental value

Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

Aspiration hazard

Judgement is based on high viscosity of the mixture

Not classified for aspiration toxicity

Toxicity other effects

SA-19 Primer

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

propyl acetate

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination
Skin					Skin dryness or cracking			Annex VI

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

SA-19 Primer

Skin rash/inflammation. Oil acne.

11.2. Information on other hazards

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

Publication date: 2023-06-29

SA-19 Primer

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

SA-19 Primer

No (test) data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients
cyclohexane

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 203	4.5 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Measured concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 202	0.9 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 201	9.3 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata			Experimental value; Growth rate
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	IC50		29 mg/l	15 h	Aerobic micro-organisms			Experimental value; Oxygen consumption

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	10 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	OECD 202	4.5 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EL50	OECD 201	3.1 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity fish	NOELR	OECD 204	2.6 mg/l	14 day(s)	Pimephales promelas	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Reproduction
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOELR	OECD 211	2.6 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Reproduction

propyl acetate

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	APHA	60 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	OECD 202	92 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	672 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
	NOEC	OECD 201	83 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC5	DIN 38412-8	170 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	OECD 203	> 16 mg/l	96 h	Poecilia reticulata	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	EC50	US EPA	0.74 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	ErC50	OECD 201	1.1 mg/l	96 h	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	Equivalent to OECD 210	0.32 mg/l	10 day(s)	Danio rerio	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		3.2 µg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Read-across; Reproduction
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	EC50	EU Method C.11	1428 mg/l	3 h	Activated sludge	Static system	Salt water	Experimental value; GLP

Conclusion

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SA-19 Primer

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

cyclohexane

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F	77 %; Oxygen consumption	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
AOPWIN v1.92	15 h	1.5E6 /cm ³	QSAR

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F	77.05 %; Oxygen consumption	28 day(s)	Experimental value

propyl acetate

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
Equivalent to OECD 301D	62 %; Oxygen consumption	5 day(s)	Experimental value

Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
SRC AOP v1.92	3.2 day(s)	5E5 /cm ³	QSAR

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
EU Method C.4-D	2 %; Oxygen consumption	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Conclusion

Water

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

SA-19 Primer

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

cyclohexane

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		167 l/kg; Fresh weight		Pimephales promelas	QSAR

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		3.4	25 °C	Experimental value

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		12.6 - 223.87; Calculated value		Pimephales promelas	Read-across

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
OECD 117		2.4 - 5.7	23 °C	Experimental value

propyl acetate

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
OECD 117		1.4	25 °C	Experimental value

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
OECD 107		2.2	25 °C	Experimental value

Conclusion

Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

cyclohexane

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc		2.9	QSAR

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SA-19 Primer

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	2.380	Calculated value

propyl acetate

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	1.0	Calculated value

zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

(log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	6.3	QSAR

Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air	Fraction biota	Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Fugacity Model Level III	0.096 %		58 %	35 %	7.4 %	Calculated value

Conclusion

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

Contains component(s) that adsorb(s) into the soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

12.7. Other adverse effects

SA-19 Primer

Greenhouse gases

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

cyclohexane

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

propyl acetate

Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. The waste code must be assigned by the user, preferably in consultation with the (environmental) authorities concerned.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR)

14.1. UN number

UN number	1133
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SA-19 Primer

14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	33
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	640D
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Rail (RID)

14.1. UN number	
UN number	1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	33
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	640D
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Inland waterways (ADN)

14.1. UN number/ID number	
UN number/ID number	1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	640D
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)

Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number	
UN number	1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	II
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	P
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable, based on available data

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SA-19 Primer

Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number/ID number	UN number/ID number	1133
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Proper shipping name	adhesives
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class	3
14.4. Packing group	Packing group	II
	Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A3
Passenger and cargo transport	Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging	1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
60 % - 100 %	

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Threshold values under special circumstances

Substance or category	Special circumstances	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Particular processing conditions, such as high pressure or high temperature, may create major-accident hazards	50	200	None	Flammability
P5a FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Maintained at a temperature above the boiling point	10	50	None	Flammability

Threshold values under normal circumstances

Substance or category	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Acute 1 or Chronic 1	100	200	None	Eco-toxicity
P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000	None	Flammability

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · cyclohexane · naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light · propyl acetate 	Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	1. Shall not be used in: — ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, — tricks and jokes, — games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life-threatening lung damage"; b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may

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		lead to life threatening lung damage”; c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · cyclohexane · naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light · propyl acetate 	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.	<p>1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration, — artificial snow and frost, — “whoopee” cushions, — silly string aerosols, — imitation excrement, — horns for parties, — decorative flakes and foams, — artificial cobwebs, — stink bombs. <p>2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with: “For professional users only”.</p> <p>3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/ 324/EEC.</p> <p>4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.</p>
· cyclohexane	Cyclohexane	<p>1. Shall not be placed on the market for the first time after 27 June 2010, for supply to the general public, as a constituent of neoprene-based contact adhesives in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight in package sizes greater than 350 g.</p> <p>2. Neoprene-based contact adhesives containing cyclohexane and not conforming to paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market for supply to the general public after 27 December 2010.</p> <p>3. Without prejudice to other Community legislation concerning the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that neoprene-based contact adhesives containing cyclohexane in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight that are placed on the market for supply to the general public after 27 December 2010 are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: “— This product is not to be used under conditions of poor ventilation. — This product is not to be used for carpet laying.”</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · cyclohexane · naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light · propyl acetate · zinc bis(dibutyl)dithiocarbamate) 	<p>Substances falling within one or more of the following points:</p> <p>(a) substances classified as any of the following in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, but excluding any such substances classified due to effects only following exposure by inhalation — reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2 but excluding any such substances classified due to effects only following exposure by inhalation — skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B — skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2 — serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2 <p>(b) substances listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council</p> <p>(c) substances listed in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 for which a condition is specified in at least one of the columns g, h and i of the table in that Annex (d) substances listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex.</p> <p>The ancillary requirements in paragraphs 7 and 8 of column 2 of this entry apply to all mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, whether or not they contain a substance falling within points (a) to (d) of this column of this entry.</p>	Mixtures for tattooing purposes are subject to the restrictions of Regulation (EU) 2020/2081

National legislation Belgium

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No data available

National legislation The Netherlands

SA-19 Primer

Waterbezwaarlijkheid	A (2); Algemene Beoordelingsmethodiek (ABM)
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National legislation France

SA-19 Primer

No data available

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SA-19 Primer

National legislation Germany

SA-19 Primer

Lagerklasse (TRGS510)	3: Entzündbare Flüssigkeiten
WGK	2; Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) - 18. April 2017

cyclohexane

TA-Luft	5.2.5
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naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

TA-Luft	5.2.5/I
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propyl acetate

TA-Luft	5.2.5
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zinc bis(dibutyldithiocarbamate)

TA-Luft	5.2.1
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National legislation Austria

SA-19 Primer

No data available

National legislation United Kingdom

SA-19 Primer

No data available

Other relevant data

SA-19 Primer

No data available

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

TLV - Carcinogen	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids: Pure, highly and severely refined; A4
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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment is required for a mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of any H- and EUH-statements referred to under section 3:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
- EUH208 Contains a sensitising substance. May produce an allergic reaction.

(*)	INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG
ADI	Acceptable daily intake
AOEL	Acceptable operator exposure level
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
BEI	Biological Exposure Indices
CLP (EU-GHS)	Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC10	Effect Concentration 10 %
EC50	Effect Concentration 50 %
Erc50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
GLP	Good Laboratory Practice
LC0	Lethal Concentration 0 %
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50 %
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %
LOAEC/LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC/NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC/NOEL	No Observed Effect Concentration/No Observed Effect Level
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP	Sludge Treatment Process
vPvB	very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

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